



RHYTHM MAP: Extraction of Unit Rhythmic Patterns and Analysis of Rhythmic Structure from Music Acoustic Signals

Abstract

Goal:

To extract constituent percussive rhythm unit patterns in a music piece given as acoustic signals and to analyze the music structure with a map of constituent rhythmic patterns.

Method:

We propose a mathematical method based on On-pass DP algorithm and k-means clustering to extract unit percussive rhythmic patterns. As the result of identifying and localizing the unit patterns in the entire piece, we obtained a clear music structure in the form of a map of rhythmic patterns.

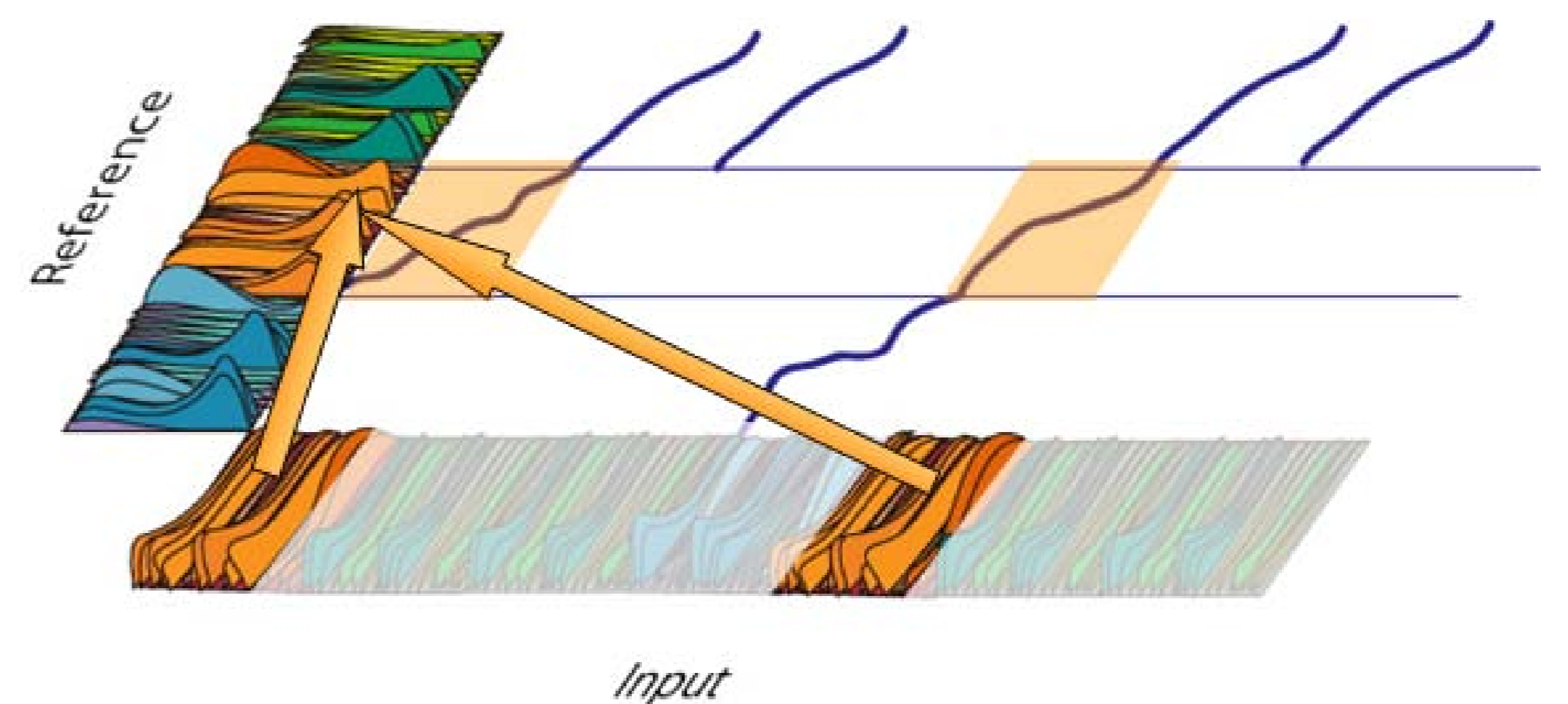
Our Approach

4 problems

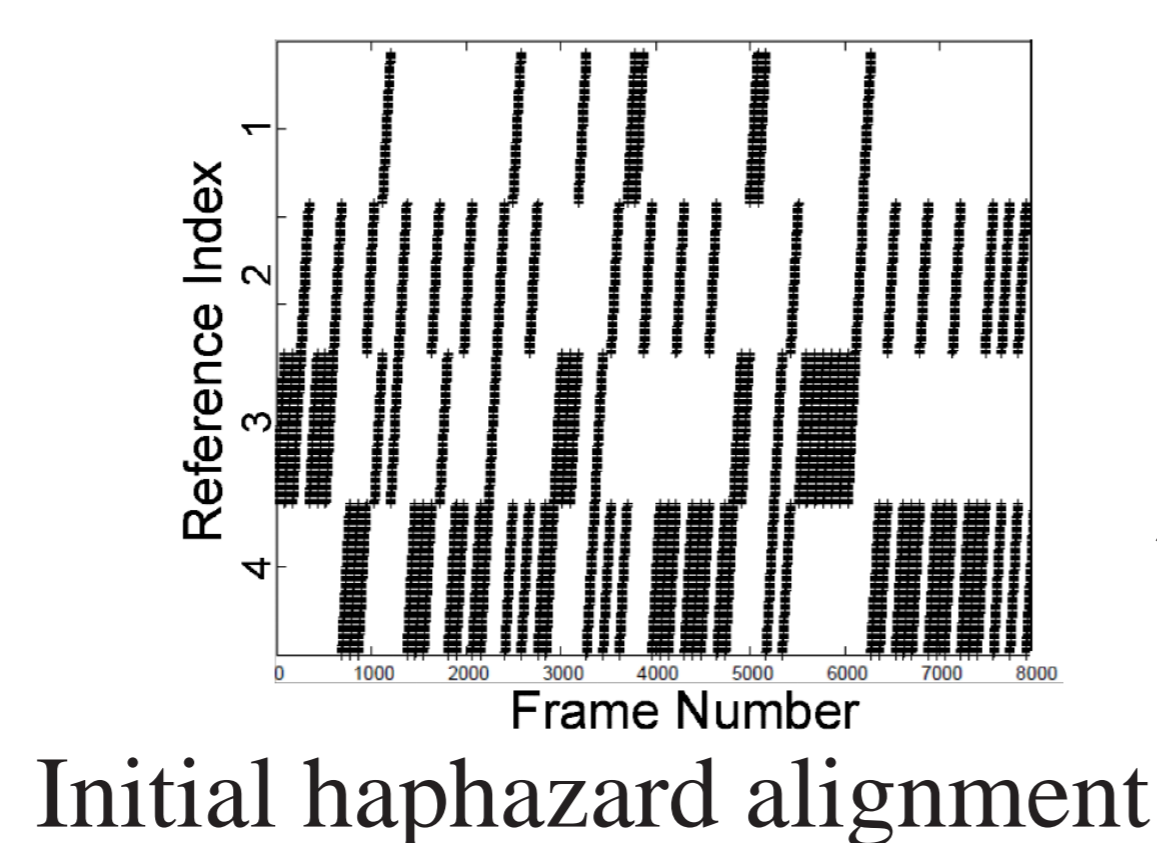
- (i) The input acoustic signals may contain not only percussive sounds but also harmonic sounds.
- (ii) There may be fluctuations in tempo and in pattern itself made by the performer.
- (iii) Unit segmentation is unknown.
- (iv) Unit rhythmic patterns themselves are unknown.

Algorithm

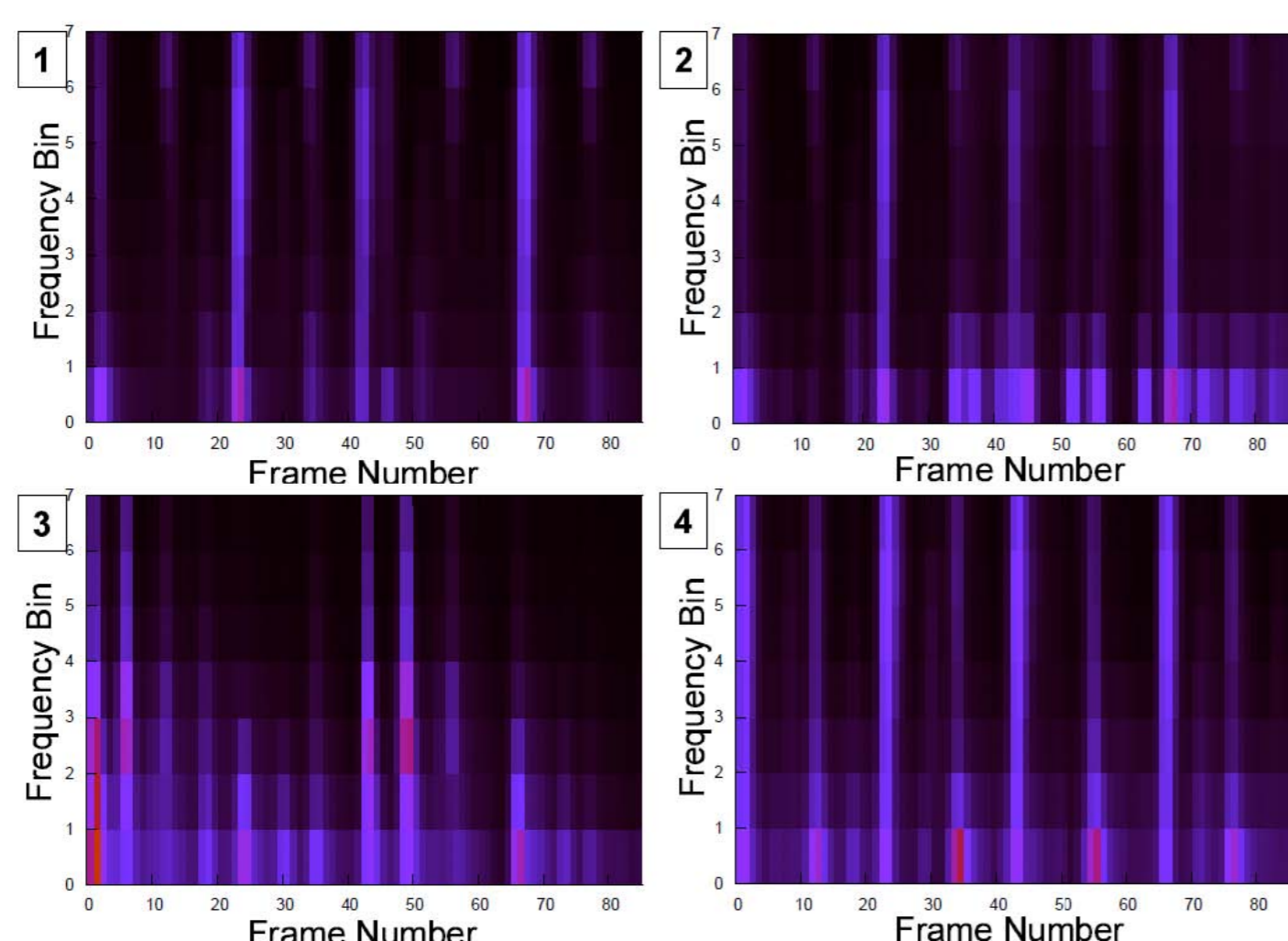
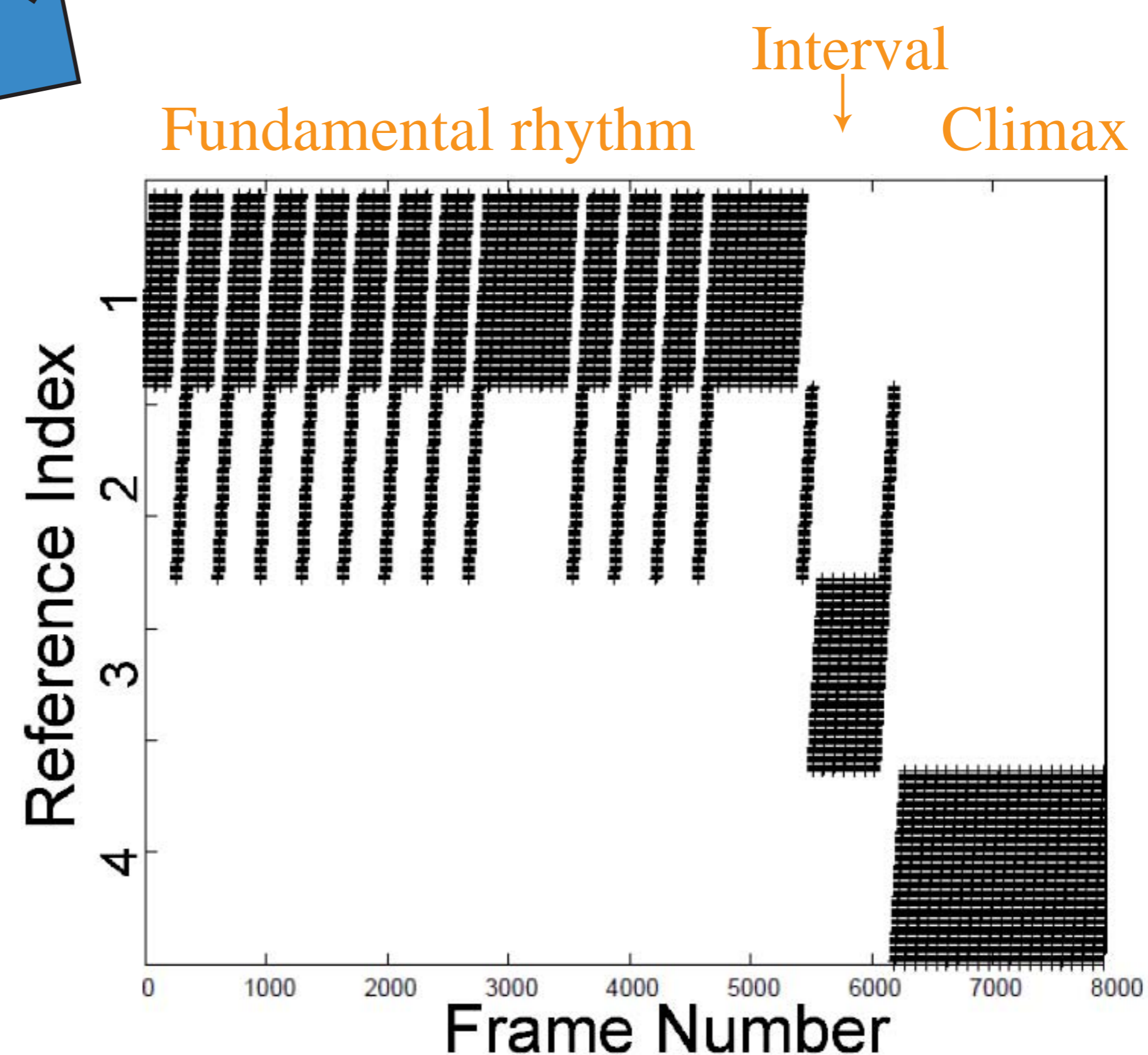
- (i) Emphasizing Percussive Components (to solve problem (i)).
- (ii) Rhythmic Structure Analysis by One-pass DP Algorithm.
If the true set of unit rhythmic patterns is given as templates, One-pass DP algorithm divides a music piece into segments each optimally corresponding to unit patterns (to solve problem(ii) and (iii)).
- (iii) Updating Unit Patterns by *k*-means Clustering.
Central patterns of each clusters are calculated and are set as new reference patterns (to solve problem(iv)).
- (iv) Iteration (ii) and (iii) until the dissimilarity cost calculated in One-pass DP algorithm converges.



Rhythm Map



Converge



4 Rhythmic Patterns' Spectrograms